

# **EXHIBIT 10**



# New Riverside University Dictionary



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ularis < anulus,  
moon covers all  
un.  
id that rings the

lā'tid) adj. [Lat.  
rmed by rings or  
rocess of forming

A ringlike mold-

lling. 2. The retro-  
ge, as for noncon-  
stating that the

[Lat. anulus, ring.]  
Math. The figure  
concentric circles.  
ig, -ates. [Lat. an-  
claim, esp. formally

act of announcing.  
angel Gabriel's an-  
on Mar. 25, celebrat-

at announces. 2. An  
fices to indicate the

1. [NLat., wondrous  
od bath was the sad-  
berger]  
buffalo, Anoa depres-  
short, pointed horns.

feet long

ana-, up + hodos, way.]  
electrolytic cell, storage  
y charged terminal of a  
upplying current.  
c refining, esp. of copper,  
ich as platinum or gold.  
g, -dizes. [ANODE] +  
ytically with a protective

us < Gk. anōdunos, free-  
1. Capable of relieving  
yne hobbies > 3. Watered-  
ieves pain. 2. A soothing or

ointing, aoints. [ME  
ere : in-, on + ungere, to  
To place oil on as an indi-  
n a religious ceremony.  
ath. Ch. The sacrament of  
for recovery, and asking for

an.] A chiefly tropical New  
a distensible throat flap and

t. anomalos < Gk., uneven-  
ne.] Deviating from the nor-

s. 1. Deviation or departing  
2. Something irregular or ab-  
on of a planet from its perihel-  
-a-nom-a-lis-tic (-lī'stīk)  
-tically adv.

pet ē be hw which  
aw, for oi noise oo too

**anomie** or **anomy** (ān'ō-mē) n. [Gk. *anomia*, lawlessness < *anomos*, lawless : *a-*, without + *nomos*, law.] 1. **a.** Collapse of social stability, as from erosion of standards. 2. **b.** The state of alienation experienced by an individual or class in such a situation. 2. Personal alienation resulting in unsocial behavior.

**anon** (ə-nŏn') adv. [ME, at once < OE *onān* : *on*, in + *ān*, one.] 1. At another time : AGAIN. 2. **Archaic.** In a short time : SOON < "Such good men as he which is anon to be interred" —Cotton Mather> 3. **Archaic.** At once : IMMEDIATELY. —**ever (or now) and anon.** Time after time.

**anonym** (ān'ō-nīm') n. [Fr. *anonyme* < LLat. *anonymus*, anonymous.] 1. An anonymous person. 2. A pseudonym.

**anonymity** (ān'ō-nīm'tē) n. 1. The quality or state of being unknown or obscure. 2. One that is anonymous.

**anonymously** (ə-nŏn'ō-lēz) adj. [LLat. *anonymus* < Gk. *anōnu-mos*, nameless : *an-*, without + *onoma*, name.] 1. Having an unknown or unacknowledged name. 2. Having an unknown or withheld authorship or agency <an anonymous donation>

**anopheles** (ə-nŏf'ə-lēz) n. [NLat. *Anopheles*, genus name < Gk. *anophelēs*, useless : *an-*, without + *ophelos*, advantage.] Any of various mosquitoes of the genus *Anopheles*, many of which carry the malaria parasite and transmit the disease to humans.

**anorak** (ān'ō-rāk') n. [Eskimo (Greenland) *ānorāq*.] 1. A heavy, hooded jacket : PARKA. 2. A light, waterproof, hooded jacket.

**anorectic** (ān'ō-rēk'tīk) or **anoretic** (-rē'tīk) also **anorex-ic** (-rēk'sīk) [Gk. *anorektos* : *an-*, without + *oregein*, to reach out for.] —**adj.** 1. Characterized by loss of appetite. 2. Causing loss of or suppressing appetite. —**n.** 1. A person who is anorectic. 2. An anorectic drug.

**anorexia** (ān'ō-rēk'sē-ə) n. [Gk. : *an-*, without + *orexis*, appetite < *oregein*, to reach out for.] Loss of appetite, esp. as a result of disease or psychological disorder.

**anorexia nervosa** (nŏr-vŏ'sə) n. [NLat., nervous anorexia.] A pathological condition occurring chiefly in young women that is marked by aversion to food and severe nutritional deficiency and is thought to be psychological in origin.

**anorthic** (ān'ō-rēk'sīk) adj. & n. var. of **ANORECTIC**.

**anorthite** (ān'ō-r'thīt') n. [Fr. : Gk. *an-*, not + Gk. *orthos*, straight (from its oblique crystals).] A rare plagioclase feldspar with high calcium oxide content, found in igneous rocks.

**anorthosite** (ān'ō-r'thō-sīt') n. [Fr. *anorthose*, a kind of feldspar (Gk. *an-*, not + Gk. *orthos*, straight) + *-ite*.] A plutonic rock, mainly plagioclase.

**anosmia** (ān'ōz'mē-ə) n. [NLat. : Gk. *an-*, without + Gk. *osmē*, odor.] Loss of the sense of smell.

**another** (ə-nŏth'ər) adj. 1. One more : ADDITIONAL <another scoop of ice cream> 2. Distinctly different from the first <tried another hair style> 3. Some other <can do it another time> —**pron.** 1. An additional one. 2. A different one. 3. One of an undetermined number or group <by one method or another>

**anovulant** (ān'ōv'yə-lənt) n. [AN- + OVUL(ATION) + -ANT.] An anovulatory drug.

**anovulation** (ān'ōv'yə-lā'shən, -ōv'yə-) n. Lack of ovulation.

**anovulatory** (ān'ōv'yə-lā-tŏr'ē, -tŏr'ē, -ōv'yə-) adj. Relating to the suppression of ovulation.

**anoxemia** (ān'ŏk-sē-mē-ə) n. An abnormal decrease in the blood's oxygen content.

**anoxia** (ān'ŏk-sē-ə) n. 1. Absence of oxygen. 2. A pathological deficiency of oxygen, esp. hypoxia. —**anoxic** (-ŏk'sīk) adj.

**ansate** (ān'sāt') also **ansated** (-sāt'id) adj. [Lat. *ansatus* < *ansa*, handle.] Having a handle or a handlelike part.

**ansate cross** n. A cross shaped like a T with a loop at the top.

**ansated** (ān'sāt'id) adj. var. of **ANSATE**.

**Anschluss** (ān'shlŏös') n. [G.] A union, esp. the political union of Nazi Germany and Austria in 1938.

**anserine** (ān'sə-rīn') adj. [NLat. *Anserinae*, subfamily name < Lat. *anserinus*, pertaining to geese < *anser*, goose.] 1. Of or belonging to the subfamily *Anserinae*, which includes the geese. 2. Goose-like.

3. also **anserous** (-sər-əs). Stupid : silly.

**answer** (ān'sər) n. [ME *answere* < OE *andswaru*.] 1. A spoken or written reply, as to a question or demand. 2. **a.** A solution or result, as to a problem. **b.** The correct response or solution. 3. An act in response or retaliation. 4. **Law.** The defense or reply to charges filed against a defendant. —**v.** **answered, -swering, -swers.** —**vi.** 1. To respond in words or action. 2. To be liable or accountable <had to answer for our mistakes> 3. To serve the purpose : SUFFICE <"often I do use three words where one would answer" —Mark Twain> 4. To match or correspond, as to a description. —**vt.** 1. To reply to. 2. To respond correctly to. 3. To fulfill the demands of : SERVE. 4. To conform or correspond to. 5. To reply to an accusation <answer the charges>

**\*syns:** ANSWER, REJOIN, REPLY, RESPOND, RETORT, RETURN v. *cōte* meaning : to speak or act in response to <answer a question> <answer a letter>

**ant** (ānt) n. [ME *ante* < OE *āmete*.] Any of various social insects of the family Formicidae, typically having wings only in the males and fertile females and living in highly organized social colonies.

**ant-** pref. var. of **ANTI-**.

**-ant** suff. [ME < OFr. < Lat. *-ans, -ant*, pr.part. suffix.] 1. **a.** Performing, promoting, or causing a specified action <acceptant> 2. **b.** Being in a specified state or condition <flippant> 3. **a.** One that performs, promotes, or causes a specified action <deodorant> 4. **b.** One that undergoes a specified action <inhalant>

**anta** (ān'tə) n., pl. **-tae** (-tē) [Lat. *antae*, pilasters.] A thickening of the projecting end of the lateral wall of a Greek temple.

**antacid** (ānt-ās'id) adj. Neutralizing acids. —**n.** A substance that neutralizes acid.

**antae** (ānt'ē) n. pl. of **ANTA**.

**antaeus** (ānt-ē'əs) n. [Lat. < Gk. *Antaios*.] Gk. Myth. A giant, invincible while in contact with the ground, who was lifted into the air by Hercules and crushed to death.

**antagonism** (ān-tāg'ō-niz'əm) n. 1. Mutual enmity : HOSTILITY. 2. The condition of being an opposing or competing principle, force, or factor.

**antagonist** (ān-tāg'ō-nist) n. 1. One who opposes and actively competes with another : ADVERSARY. 2. **Anat.** A muscle that opposes another muscle. 3. A drug that counteracts or neutralizes another drug. —**antagonistic** adj. —**antagonistically** adv.

**antagonize** (ān-tāg'ō-niz') vt. **-nized, -nizing, -nizes.** [Gk. *antagonizesthai*, to struggle against : *anti-*, against + *agōnizesthai*, to struggle < *agōn*, contest. —see **AGONY**.] 1. To incur the dislike or antagonism of. 2. To counteract.

**Antarctic** (ānt-ārk'tīk, -ārt'īk) adj. [ME *Antartik* < OFr. *antartique* < Med. Lat. *antarcticus* < Lat., southern < Gk. *antarktikos* : *anti-*, opposite + *arktikos*, northern. —see **ARCTIC**.] Of or relating to the regions surrounding the South Pole.

**Antarctic Circle** n. A parallel of latitude, 66°33' south, marking the limit of the South Frigid Zone.

**Antares** (ān-tār'ēs, -tār') n. [Gk. *antārēs* : *anti-*, opposite + *Ares*, Mars.] A double and variable star in the constellation Scorpius, the brightest star in the southern sky.

**word history:** The Greek name *Antares* can be interpreted in more than one way: "against Mars," "opposite Mars," or "instead of Mars." Since the planet Mars, which the Greeks called *Ares*, moves through the sky, it is not always opposite *Antares* in position. The name *Antares* more likely refers to the star's pronounced red color, which sometimes causes the star to be mistaken for the planet.

**ant cow** n. An aphid from which ants acquire honeydew.

**ante** (ānt'ē) n. [**< Lat., before.**] 1. The stake that each poker player must put into the pool before receiving new cards. 2. **Slang.** An amount to be paid, esp. as one's share. —**vt.** **-ted or -teed, -teing, -tes.** 1. To put (one's stake) into the pool in poker. 2. **Slang.** To pay <ante up>

**ante-** pref. [Lat. < *ante*, before.] 1. Prior to : EARLIER <antenatal> 2. In front of : BEFORE <anteroom>

**anteater** (ānt'ē-ter) n. 1. Any of several tropical American mammals of the family *Myrmecophagidae* that lack teeth and feed on ants and termites, esp. *Myrmecophaga tridactyla*, with a long, shaggy-haired tail, a long, narrow snout, and a long, sticky tongue. 2. Any of several other animals, as the echidna, that feed on ants.

**ante-bellum** (ānt'ē-bēl'əm) adj. [Lat. *ante bellum*, before the war.] Belonging to the period prior to the American Civil War.

**antece-** (ānt'ē-sēd') vt. **-ceded, -ceding, -cedes.** [Lat. *antece-dere* : *ante-*, before + *cedere*, to go.] To precede.

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